

## AUSTRALIAN CHAMBER CHOIR

## BACH'S GENIUS - THE MOTETS

directed by Douglas Lawrence AM with Rosanne Hunt - 'cello & Ria Polo - organ



Image courtesy of Bach-Archiv, Leipzig

The Australian Chamber Choir received a return invitation to perform at Bach's church, St Thomas, Leipzig this July, to present two Motet concerts and a Sunday morning service. Unfortunately due to the current restrictions, we are unable to travel to Europe in 2021 to complete the planned itinerary of twelve concerts and two services. We'll continue to make plans, and as soon as possible, we will invite you to accompany us on our eighth concert tour of Europe.

#### **PROGRAM**

Please follow the German tradition and reserve your applause until the end of each half

#### **JOHANN SEBASTIAN BACH 1685-1750**

MOTET Der Geist hilft unser Schwachheit auf for two four-part choirs BWV 226

Allemande from Suite No. 4 in E<sup>b</sup> major for unaccompanied cello BWV 1010

**MOTET Fürchte dich nicht, ich bin bei dir** for two four-part choirs BWV 228

Allemande from Suite No. 2 in D minor for unaccompanied cello BWV 1008

MOTET Jesu, meine Freude for five voices BWV 227

INTERVAL

MOTET Lobet den Herrn, alle Heiden for four voices BWV 230

**Sarabande from Suite No.3 in C major** for unaccompanied cello BWV 1009

MOTET Komm, Jesu, komm for two four-part choirs BWV 229

**Arioso from Capriccio in B<sup>b</sup> major**on the departure of a dearly beloved brother BWV 992

**MOTET Singet dem Herrn ein neues Lied** for two four-part choirs BWV 225

#### **PROGRAM NOTES**

The six motets (BWV 225 to 230) that Bach is known to have composed occupy a slightly odd place in the Bach canon. It would be wrong to call them obscure, because they appear on concert programs reasonably often, and because ever since the 1950s their discography has attained a respectable size. On the other hand, they have never had anything like the renown which much of Bach's sacred oeuvre now possesses. Many music-lovers thoroughly conversant with the St Matthew and St John Passion settings, with the Mass in B Minor, and with several of the cantatas have failed to become comparably familiar with the motets. In short, the motets enjoy neither the benefits that derive from obvious fame, nor the mysterious glamour appertaining to neglect.

This status becomes still more puzzling in view of the motets' performance history, which gives them a unique position in Bach's output for voices. They form – to quote German scholar Thomas Braatz, writing in 2010 – 'the only category of his vocal works which continued in an unbroken tradition of performances until the present time.' Yet as Braatz also observes, over the 270 years since Bach's death, experts have on several occasions changed their minds as to Bach's motive for writing this music in the first place. They might have changed their minds once more by the time you have read these notes.

Did Bach envisage the motets as practice material for the choristers at St Thomas's in Leipzig? Thus asserted his earliest biographer, Johann Nikolaus Forkel, writing in 1802. Did Bach intend the motets, rather, as occasional substitutes for cantatas in the standard public Lutheran rite? This theory found its champion in Philipp Spitta, whose own Bach biography appeared eighty-odd years after Forkel's. Did Bach, moreover, conceive of the motets as a unified cycle? Possible but improbable. Given the time pressures that plagued Bach's life (these having been especially punitive during the decade immediately after his 1723 move to Leipzig), he is likelier to have used the motets on an ad hoc basis – according to the requirements of the ecclesiastical calendar – than to have planned them as a set.

Lately it has been conjectured that Bach, when writing the motets, had outdoor (and perhaps processional) performance in mind for each. All of them were amenable to funerary use; and considerable, if necessarily circumstantial, evidence from early-eighteenth-century Lutheran Saxony points to choral singing having been customary either before the funeral service began (at times outside the home of the deceased) or whilst the actual internment occurred. But the idea that Bach really did presuppose such al fresco contexts for his motets must remain educated guesswork. A further warning against musicological dogmatism lies in the fact that during his youth Bach

unexpectedly applied the term *motetto* to a richly-scored 1708 piece nowadays grouped with the cantatas: namely, *Gott ist mein König*, BWV 71, the sole Bach cantata which had reached print by the time its composer died in 1750.

It would be useful if specialists could determine just when Bach produced the motets. Alas, very litle information on that point exists. Most commentators on Bach ascribe all six motets to the 1720s. British musicologist Peter Holman maintained that of the six, Jesu, meine Freude is the likeliest to have been written first

The question of whether Bach wished instruments employed for all six motets heightens the general bafflement which the motets' origins tend to inspire. Only one motet, Der Geist hilft, has come down to us with its own instrumental parts (even those being optional rather than normative). Bach might have directed the other five a cappella; he might have sanctioned a small continuo group; he might, for especially grandiose occasions, have hired instrumentalists to double the vocal lines note for note, colla parte (to quote the frequent eighteenth-century performance instruction for such doublings). His decisions in that matter probably depended far more upon the strength or otherwise of the Thomasschule's cashflow, than on the lofty aesthetic

principles so apt to exercise subsequent ages' leisured academic classes.

## MOTET Der Geist hilft unser Schwachheit auf

for two four-part choirs BWV 226

Der Geist hilft differs from its five companions in two ways. First, as already noted, it survives with a set of instrumental parts. Second, its genesis and raison d'être are gratifyingly well attested: Bach composed it - as the manuscript states - for the October 1729 obsequies of the Thomasschule's principal: Johann Heinrich Ernesti (Lutheran pastor and leading authority on Cicero), who six years earlier had helped to obtain for Bach his Leipzig post. From Romans 8:26-27 - this epistle being exceptionally important in Lutheran theology - Bach took the text for his motet's first two sections. The third and final section employs the third verse of a hymn by Luther himself, intended for Pentecost (Komm, Heiliger Geist). Hints of the polychoral idiom from early-baroque Venice, as mediated through Giovanni Gabrieli's reverent disciple Heinrich Schütz, characterise Bach's approach in this piece.

Der Geist hilft unser Schwachheit auf, denn wir wissen nicht, was wir beten sollen, wie sich's gebühret; The Spirit also helpeth our infirmities, for we know not what we should pray for as we ought,

sondern der Geist selbst vertritt uns aufs beste mit unaussprechlichem Seufzen.

Der aber die Herzen forschet, der weiss, was des Geistes Sinn sei: denn er vertritt die Heiligen nach dem, was Gott gefället.

Du, heilige Brunst, süsser Trost. nun hilf uns, fröhlich und getrost in deinem Dienst beständig bleiben. die Trübsal uns nicht abtreiben.

bereit und stärk des Fleisches Blödigkeit, dass wir hier ritterlich ringen, durch Tod und Leben zu dir dringen. Halleluja.

but the Spirit itself maketh intercession for us with groanings which cannot be uttered

And He that searcheth the hearts knoweth what is the mind of the Spirit, for He maketh intercession. for the saints according to the will of God.

Heavenly fire. sweet consolation, help us now, that joyfully and confidently we may faithfully serve Thee. and not be deflected by sadness. O Herr, durch dein Kraft uns O Lord, prepare us through Thy power and strengthen the reluctant flesh. so that we shall valiantly

> fight, and pass through death and life to Thee, Alleluia.

Allemande from Suite No. 4 in Eb major for unaccompanied cello BWV 1010

## MOTET Fürchte dich nicht, ich bin bei dir for two four-part choirs BWV 228

Incorporating words from Isaiah 41 and 43, as well as from a hymn called Warum sollt ich mich denn grämen ('Why should I grieve') by seventeenth-century Lutheran theologian and poet Paul Gerhardt, Fürchte dich nicht is habitually associated in the Bach secondary literature with a February 1726 funeral: that of Susanna Sophia Winkler, widow of a Leipzig councillor. But on stylistic grounds some have argued that Bach wrote the piece long before, during his young manhood (1708-1717) at Weimar's court. Neither hypothesis automatically invalidates the other, since Bach's fondness for recycling his own material is well documented. There are two sections, the first treating exclusively the lines from Isaiah, while the second combines these lines with Gerhardt's text. The aforementioned Peter Holman notes a link between BWV 228 and the composer's cousin once removed (whose daughter became Johann Sebastian's first wife): BWV 228 'has exactly the same formal scheme as the eight-part setting of Fürchte dich nicht by Johann Michael Bach (1648-1694).'

Fürchte dich nicht, ich bin bei dir:

'Fear not, for I am with thee:

#### Fürchte dich nicht

weiche nicht, denn ich bin dein Gott! for I am thy God!
Ich stärke dich, I will strengthen the ich helfe dir auch, ich erhalte dich durch die rechte Hand meiner right hand of my Gerechtigkeit. Fürchte dich nicht, denn ich

Fürchte dich nicht, denn i habe dich erlöset, ich habe dich bei deinem Namen gerufen, du bist mein.

Herr, mein Hirt, Brunn aller Freuden. du bist mein, ich bin dein, niemand kann uns scheiden. Ich bin dein. weil du dein Leben und dein Blut mir zugut in den Tod gegeben. Du bist mein, weil ich dich fasse und dich nicht. o mein Licht, aus dem Herzen lasse. Lass mich hingelangen, da du mich und ich dich lieblich werd umfangen.

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be not dismayed,
for I am thy God!
I will strengthen thee,
yea I will help thee;
I will uphold thee with the
right hand of my
righteousness.
Fear not, for I have
redeemed thee;
I have called thee
by thy name;
thou art mine.'

Lord my shepherd, source of all joys,
Thou art mine, I am Thine,
none can part us.
I am Thine, because
Thou gavest Thy life
and Thy blood for my sake,
and embraced death.
Thou art mine, because I
hold Thee
and will never let Thee,
O my light,
leave my heart.
Let me reach the place

where I shall embrace Thee

and Thou me in all eternity.

# Allemande from Suite No. 2 in D minor for unaccompanied cello BWV 1008

#### MOTET Jesu, meine Freude

for five voices BWV 227

Of all Bach's motets, Jesu, meine Freude is not only the longest and most elaborate, but the one most commonly performed as a free-standing piece without the others. Bach appears to have intended it for the funeral - which indubitably occurred in July 1723 - of a prominent Leipzig lady, Johanna Maria Käsin, whose husband was the city postmaster. (Some documents spell the couple's surname 'Kees.') The motet's main chorale melody, dominating the thematic argument, did not originate with Bach. He found it in a 1653 collection called *Praxis pietatis* melica, by an earlier Lutheran composer, Johann Crüger. Some of the words are by the German hymn-writer Johann Franck (1618-1677), for whose texts Bach presumably had a special esteem, since he chose them several times for use in his cantatas. The remaining words rework the eighth chapter from St Paul's Epistle to the Romans.

Jesu, meine Freude, meines Herzens Weide, Jesu, meine Zier, ach wie lang, ach lange ist dem Herzen bange Jesus, my joy, pasture of my heart, Jesus, my adornment ah how long, how long is my heart filled with

#### Jesu meine Freude

und verlangt nach dir! Gottes Lamm, mein Bräutigam, ausser dir soll mir auf Erden nichts sonst Liebers werden.

Es ist nun nichts Verdammliches an denen. die in Christo Jesu sind. die nicht nach dem Fleische, who do not walk after the wandeln, sondern nach dem Geist.

Unter deinem Schirmen bin ich vor den Stürmen aller Feinde frei. Lass den Satan wittern. lass den Feind erbittern. mir steht Jesus bei. Ob es itzt gleich kracht und blitzt, ob gleich Sünd und Hölle schrecken:

lesus will mich decken. Denn das Gesetz des Geistes, der da lebendig

machet in Christo Jesu.

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anxiety and longing for You! Lamb of God, my Bridegroom, Apart from You on the earth there is nothing dearer to me.

Now there is nothing damnable in those who are in Christ Jesus. way of the flesh, but after the way of the Spirit.

Beneath your protection Lam free from the attacks of all my enemies. Let Satan track me down. let my enemy be exasperated -Jesus stands by me. Even if there is thunder and lightning, even if sin and hell spread terror:

Jesus will protect me.

For the law of the spirit. which gives life in Christ Jesus.

#### Jesu meine Freude

hat mich frei gemacht von dem Gesetz der Sünde und des Todes.

Trotz dem alten Drachen. Trotz des Todes Rachen. Trotz der Furcht darzu! Tobe, Welt, und springe, ich steh hier und singe in gar sichrer Ruh. Gottes Macht hält mich in acht; Erd und Abgrund muss verstummen. ob sie noch so brummen.

Ihr aber seid nicht fleischlich, sondern geistlich, so anders Gottes Geist in euch wohnet. Weraber Christi Geist nicht hat. der ist nicht sein.

Weg mit allen Schätzen! Du bist mein Ergötzen. Jesu, meine Lust! Weg ihr eitlen Ehren, ich mag euch nicht hören, bleibt mir unbewusst!

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has made me free from the law of sin and death.

I defy the old dragon, I defy the jaws of death, I defy fear as well! Rage, world and spring to attack, I stand here and sing in secure peace. God's might takes care of me; earth and abyss must fall silent. however much they rumble on.

You, however, are not of the flesh, but rather of the Spirit, since the Spirit of God lives otherwise in you. Anyone, however, who does not have Christ's Spirit, is not His.

Away with all treasures! You are my delight, Jesus, my joy! Away with empty honours, I will not hear you. Remain unknown to me!

#### Jesu meine Freude

Elend, Not, Kreuz, Schmach und Tod soll mich, ob ich viel muss leiden. nicht von Jesuscheiden.

So aber Christus in euch ist. so ist der Leib zwar tot um der Sünde willen: der Geist aber ist das Leben but the spirit is life um der Gerechtigkeit willen.

Gute Nacht, o Wesen, das die Welt erlesen. mir gefällst du nicht. Gute Nacht, ihr Sünden, bleibet weit dahinten. Kommt nicht mehr ans Licht! Gute Nacht, du Stolz und Pracht! Dir sei ganz, du Lasterleben. gute Nacht gegeben!

So nun der Geist des, der Jesum von den Toten auferwecket hat.

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Misery, distress, affliction, disgrace and death, even if I must endure much suffering. will not separate me from Jesus.

However if Christ is in you, then the body is dead indeed for the sake of sin: for the sake of righteousness.

Good night, existence chosen by the world, you do not please me. Good night, you sins, stay far behind me. Come no more to the light! Good night, pride and splendour! once and for all. sinful existence. I bid you good night!

Therefore now since the Spirit of Him who raised Jesus from the dead

#### Jesu meine Freude

in euch wohnet, so wird auch derselbige, der Christum von den Toten from the dead auferwecket hat, eure sterblichen Leiber lebendig machen, um des willen, daß sein Geist in euch wohnet.

Weicht, ihr Trauergeister, denn mein Freuden Meister, Jesus, tritt herein. Denen, die Gott lieben, Muss auch ihr Betrüben lauter Zucker sein. Duld ich schon hier Spott und Hohn. dennoch bleibst du auch im Leide.

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dwells in you, that same who raised Christ will make your mortal bodies living. for the sake of His spirit that dwells in you. Go away, mournful spirits, for my joyful

Master, Jesus, now enters in. For those who love God even their afflictions become pure sweetness. Even if here I endure shame and disgrace. even if I remain in suffering, Jesus, my joy.



Jesu, meine Freude.

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INTERVAL

#### MOTET Lobet den Herrn, alle Heiden

for four voices BWV 230

Shortest of the six motets, *Lobet den Herrn* (the words to which come from Psalm 117) has inspired doubts as to whether Bach himself wrote it. While the standard Bach catalogue undeniably contains several interlopers – for example, the cliched and bland St Luke Passion, included in the BWV lists for no more convincing reason than that Bach took the trouble to copy out the score – it would be premature to dispute the authenticity of BWV 230, which was published in 1821. As Peter Holman remarks: 'it is

difficult to see who else could have written such a vigorous, compact yet expansive work, cast in true motet style as a series of contrapuntal points within one long movement, to which is appended a contrasted tripletime Alleluia.' Even by Bachian standards the polyphony is ornate, double-fugue writing being almost commonplace.

Lobet den Herrn, Praise the Lord, alle Heiden, all nations, und preiset ihn, and praise Him, alle Völker! all peoples!

Denn seine Gnade und For His grace and

Wahrheit truth

Lobet den Herrn

waltet über uns in Ewigkeit. rule over us for eternity.

Halleluja. Alleluia.

## Sarabande from Suite No.3 in C major

for unaccompanied cello BWV 1009

#### MOTET Komm, Jesu, komm

for two four-part choirs BWV 229

With this motet, Bach resorted to words which date from 1684, their author having been Leipzig poet and university professor Paul Thymich. Almost certainly Bach encountered Thymich's text – it had been written for the obsequies of Jacob Thomisius, rector of the *Thomasschule* – through the use made of it by an earlier

church musician of consequence, who had died in 1701: Johann Schelle, a student of Schütz during the latter's old age. (Schelle's cousin Johann Kuhnau was Bach's immediate predecessor as Leipzig cantor.) Thymich's deliberate allusions to Christ's words as quoted in John 14:6 - 'I am the Way, the Truth, and the Life' - were, for Bach's contemporaries, immediately recognisable. Nevertheless, maybe in order to concentrate congregations' minds, Bach (unlike Schelle) discarded most of Thymich's original eleven verses, choosing to set only the first and the last of them.

Komm, Jesu, komm, mein Leib ist müde, die Kraft verschwindt je mehr und mehr, ich sehne mich nach deinem Friede; der saure Weg wird mir zu schwer!
Komm, ich will mich dir ergeben; du bist der rechte Weg, die Wahrheit und das Leben.

Drum schliess ich mich in deine Hände und sage, Welt, zu Come, Jesus, come, my flesh is weary, my strength doth fade more and more, for now I yearn to reach Thy stillness; this bitter path doth me oppress!

Come, myself to Thee I'll offer;

Thou art the proper way, the true way and the true life.

Thus to Thy hands myself

I say, O world, to thee,

committing,

good night! guter Nacht! Though haste my life its Eilt gleich mein course to finish, Lebenslauf zu Ende, ist doch der Geist wohl yet is my soul now well angebracht. prepared. It shall beside its Maker Er soll bei seinem Schöpfer schweben. hover. weil Jesus ist und for Jesus is and bides bleibt Der wahre Weg the proper path to true life. zum Leben.

## Arioso from Capriccio in Bb major

on the departure of a dearly beloved brother BWV 992

## MOTET Singet dem Herrn ein neues Lied

for two four-part choirs BWV 225

Bach scholars have tentatively attributed this motet to the 1727 funeral of Christiane Eberhardine, the Lutheran Electress of Saxony, who – although titular Polish queen – found Catholic Poland so uncongenial a country that she refused even to visit it, let alone to live in it. (Her funeral indubitably elicited from Bach his famous *Trauerode*, BWV 198.) *Singet dem Herrn* incorporates in its outer movements various lines from Psalms 149 and 150 in the standard Lutheran Bible. These lines have nothing self-evidently mournful about them, quite the reverse. By contrast, the motet's central movement sets verses from the sixteenth-century Lutheran poet

Johann Grauman, alias Johannes Poliander; and these words demonstrate a much more explicitly sorrowful tone, what with their unmistakable memento mori in such images as mown grass being dispersed by the wind. On the thirty-three-year-old Mozart, when he visited Leipzig in 1789, Singet dem Herrn left a powerful impression. (He could well have borne its counterpoint in mind when he came to write the Jupiter Symphony's finale.) Despite, or because of, the fact that Mozart had not hitherto experienced much of Bach's music in performance – what little he knew of it had come chiefly from score-reading – he found the motet revelatory. Herewith, the eyewitness account of this occasion by critic Johann Friedrich Rochlitz, in 1789 a Thomasschule theology student:

Hardly had the choir sung a few measures when Mozart sat up, startled; a few measures more and he called out: 'What is this?' And now his whole soul seemed to be in his ears. When the singing was finished he cried out, full of joy: 'Now, there is something one can learn from!'

Singet dem Herrn ein neues Lied, die Gemeine der Heiligen sollen ihn loben. Israel freue sich des, der ihn gemacht hat. Die Kinder Zion sei'n fröhlich über Sing ye the Lord a new song; the assembly of saints should be telling His praises. Israel, be joyful in Him who hath made thee. Let Zion's children rejoice in Him who is their mighty ihrem Könige, sie sollen loben seinen Namen im Reihen; mit Pauken und mit Harfen sollen sie ihm spielen.

Wie sich ein Vater erbarmet Gott, nimm dich ferner unser an, über seine junge Kinderlein, so tut der Herr uns allen, so wir ihn kindlich fürchten rein. Er kennt das arm Gemächte, Gott weiss, wir sind nur Staub. denn ohne dich ist nichts getan mit allen unsern Sachen. Gleichwie das Gras vom Rechen, ein Blum und fallend Laub. Der Wind nur drüber wehet, so ist es nicht mehr da, drum sei du unser Schirm und Licht. und trügt uns unsre Hoffnung nicht, so wirst du's ferner machen.

king; let them be praising His name's honour in dances; with timbrels and with psalteries unto Him be playing.

As does a father mercy show to his own dear little children, so doth the Lord to all of us, if as pure children we fear Him. He sees our feeble powers, God knows we are but dust; for, lacking Thee, nought shall we gain from all of our endeavours. Just as the grass in mowing, or bud and falling leaf, If wind but o'er it bloweth. it is no longer there, so be Thou our true shield and light, and if our hope betray us not. Thou wilt thus

henceforth help us.

#### Singet dem Herrn

Also der Mensch vergehet, sein End, das ist ihm nah. Wohl dem, der sich nur steif und fest auf dich und deine Huld verlässt

Lobet den Herrn in seinen Taten, lobet ihn in seiner grossen Herrlichkeit! Alles, was Odem hat, lobe den Herrn, Halleluja!

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Even so is man's life passing,

His end to him is near.
Blest he whose hope, both strong and firm,
On Thee and on Thy grace.

On Thee and on Thy grace can rest.

Praise ye the Lord in all His doings, praise ye Him in all His might and majesty! All things which have breath, praise ye the Lord, Alleluia!

Program notes @ Robert James Stove, 2011, 2016, 2021

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